

ANOTHER LOOK AT COMPUTER COMMUNICATION PROTOCOLS

D. Cohen

Rapporteurs: Dr. C.R. Snow
Mr. R.A. Weedon

(Copies of Transparencies)

ANOTHER LOOK AT COMMUNICATIONS PROTOCOLS

- . Protocols are the conventions that connect the various layers of communication.
- . Protocols are the conventions that separate the various layers of communication.

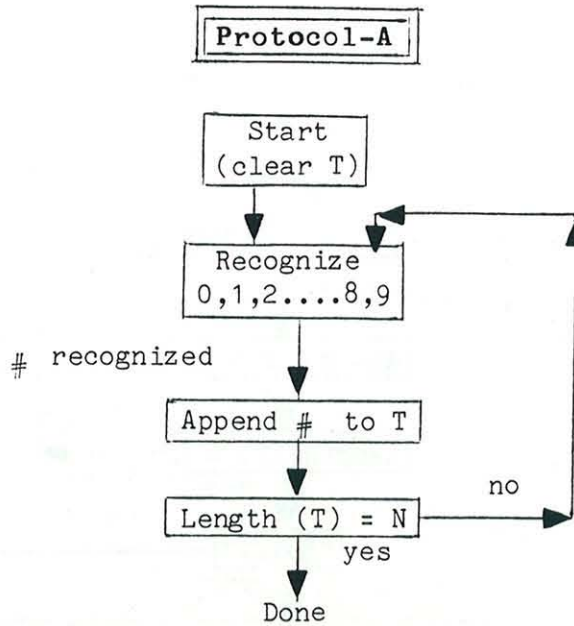
. All good things come in heptads!

7	Application	Sloth	Immortality
6	Presentation	Avarice	Wholeness
5	Session	Gluttony	Kingdom
4	Transport	Lust	Right mindedness
3	Network	Envy	Truth
2	Link	Wrath	Good Mind
1	Physical	Pride	The Holy Spirit

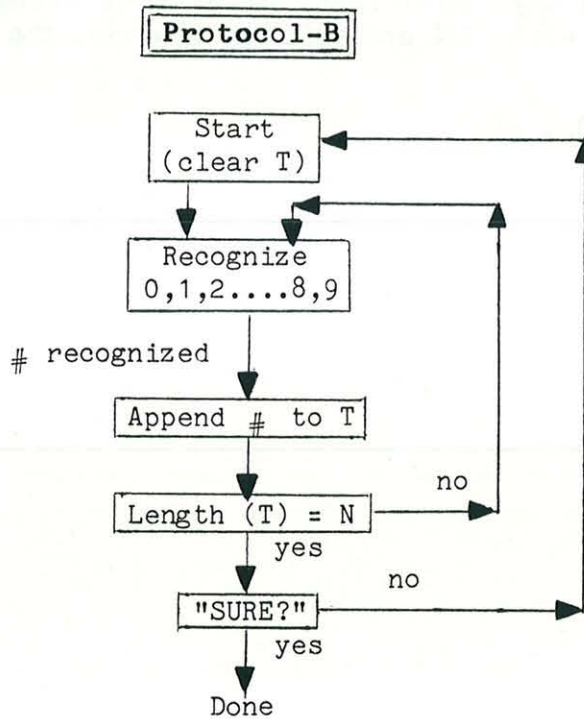
- . Protocols are typically designed to work RIGHT.
Preferably with a mathematical proof of the correctness.
- . Many protocols are not designed for optimal performance.
(Performance, like paint, can always be added later).

EXAMPLE

VOICE ENTRY PROTOCOL.



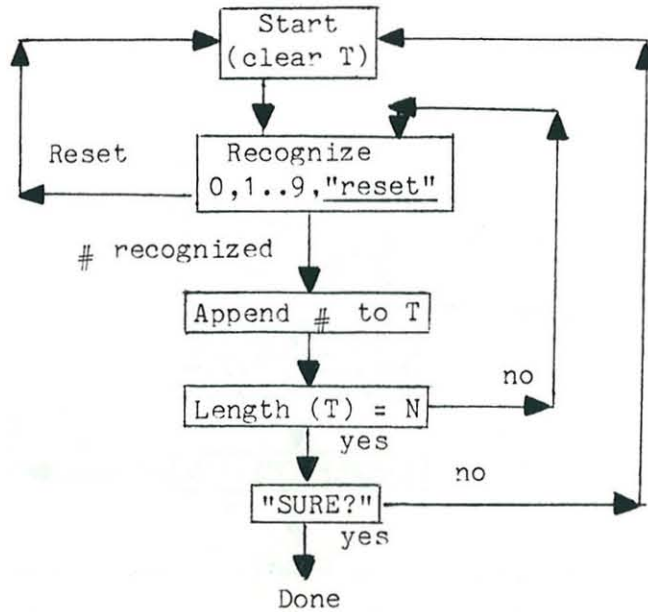
- If p is the probability of correct recognition then p^N is the success probability of the entire transaction.
- Its length is N entries.



- If p is the probability of correct recognition then it always succeeds with 100% probability. However, the expected length is

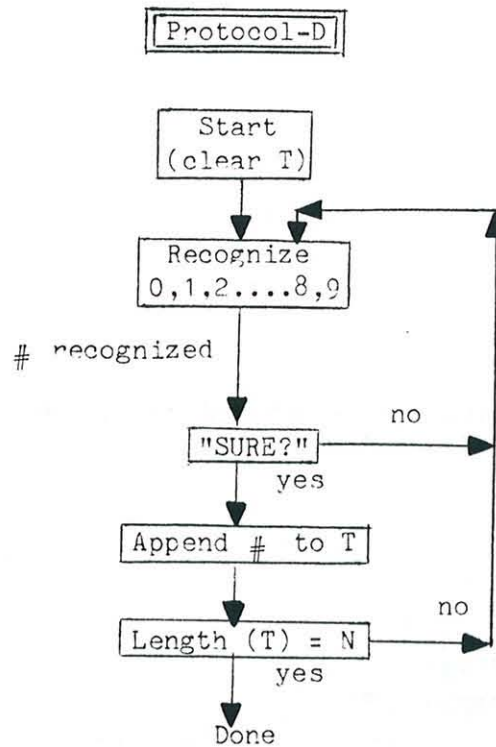
$$\frac{N+1}{p^N}$$

Protocol-C



If p is the probability of correct recognition then it always succeeds with 100% probability. However, the expected length is

$$\sum_{n=0}^{N+1} p^{-n} - p^N$$



- . If p is the probability of correct recognition then it always succeeds with 100% probability. However, the expected length is $\frac{2N}{p}$
- . There is substantial similarity between these protocols and FTP.
- . The relative merit of these protocols is a function of both N and p (N is static, p is dynamic).
- . For optimal performance the choice of protocol should be done online (adaptively) according to the dynamic p .
- . How many Protocols do that?

EXAMPLE

Car Rental Operation

A Typical Request

- . Need N1 cars of class C1 for D1 days;
- . Need N2 cars of class C2 for D2 days;
- . END
- . The same person who is trained to handle these requests can also handle other kinds of requests.

Other Messages:

- . "Speak Louder"
- . "No spiko Inglaz
Hable usted Espanol?"
- . "Do this: open the top drawer and look for...."
- . Typically, communication systems treat messages as data for a certain program (the "protocol handler").
- . Is this the only possible model?
- . It may be interesting also to be able to communicate not just data, but also real instructions to accomplish tasks which were not predicted.
- . It sure will be nice to have smart and intelligent* set of protocols.
- . No protocol can be smarter than the committee defining it.

How sad!

- . How should protocol be designed (and implemented) in a computation-plenty environment?

Conclusion

- . Smarter protocols (and processes to handle them) would be nice to have.

* INTELLIGENT is a registered trademark of the AI community.