Protective Wrapper Development: Error Recovery Handling

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Overview

- Background
- Protective wrapper
- Case study
- Further discussion



Background

- OTS (Off-the-Shelf) components are typically aimed at a mass-market and are often of a lower quality than bespoke components
- OTS components are seldom intended for the specific setting and environment in which they are employed consequently a system in which an OTS component is integrated may misuse or misinterpret it
- Information about the COTS item which the system integrator has at his/her disposal is often incomplete, ambiguous or, even, erroneous



DOTS Project

- Use of OTS components is a source of failure
- So employ fault-tolerant techniques, such as protective wrapper during system integration
- DOTS project



General Approach

- OTS item
- Rest of System (ROS)
- Environment of the System







Protective Wrapper

- A piece of redundant, bespoke software intercepting all information going to and from the OTS item. It consists of the following functions:
 - Detecting errors or suspicious activities
 - Initiating appropriate recovery



Information Required for Wrapper Development

- Specification of the OTS item behaviour, as provided by both the item designers and the integrated system designers
- "Erroneous" behaviour of the OTS item, for example a known failure to react to stimuli as specified by the item designers, or behaviour which the system designer especially wants to protect against
- Specification of the correct behaviour of the ROS with respect to the OTS item



Case Study

• Aim

- Simulate erroneous behaviours
- Use to design wrapper
- Simulate behaviours of wrapper

• Platform used:

- MATLAB
- Simulink
- Original model of boiler system and PID controller from Honeywell



Integration of Boiler System, PID Controller and Wrapper



DSTS --- Diversity with Off-The-Shelf Components



Simulink Model of Boiler System with PID Controller in MATLAB



D©TS --- Diversity with Off-The-Shelf Components



Model Variable Categories

• Input/output:

- Inputs from sensors
- Set point inputs
- Outputs to actuators
- Impact on safety:
 - Safety loop
 - Control loop



Response to Detected Errors

- Forward and backward recovery
- Exception handling needs to be designed
- Wrapper incorporating handlers
- Three specific handlers considered
 - H1: reset with alert
 - H2: wait ? alarm, wait ? H3
 - H3: shutdown and alarm



Recovery Strategy





Operational Recovery – An Example





Further Discussion



- Generic response by a wrapper for three different variable categories
- Injecting multiple faults and exploring the effects on the wrapper and the integrated system

